

DAPTHOXKIT F MAGNA

Test procedure



1

PREPARATION OF STANDARD FRESHWATER

- VOLUMETRIC FLASK (2 liter)
- VIALS WITH SOLUTIONS OF CONCENTRATED SALTS
- DISTILLED (or deionized) WATER



POUR THE 4 VIALS WITH CONCENTRATED SALT SOLUTIONS IN <u>+</u> 1 LITER DISTILLED WATER, IN THE 2 LITER VOLUMETRIC FLASK



3

FILL THE FLASK TO THE 2 LITER MARK AND AERATE FOR AT LEAST 15 MINUTES



HATCHING OF THE EPHIPPIA

REMOVE THE ALUMINIUM FOIL FROM A TUBE WITH DAPHNIA EPHIPPIA



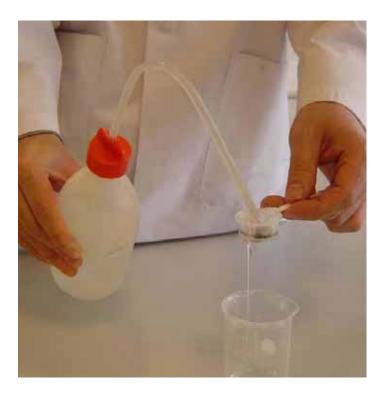
5

POUR THE CONTENTS OF THE TUBE WITH EPHIPPIA IN THE MICROSIEVE





MAKE SURE THAT ALL THE EPHIPPIA ARE TRANSFERRED INTO THE MICROSIEVE





RINSE THE EPHIPPIA THOROUGHLY WITH TAP WATER



TRANSFER THE EPHIPPIA INTO THE HATCHING PETRI DISH IN STANDARD FRESHWATER

8



9

INCUBATION OF THE EPHIPPIA

INCUBATE THE PETRI DISH FOR 72h AT 20-22 °C UNDER CONTINUOUS ILLUMINATION OF 6 000 LUX



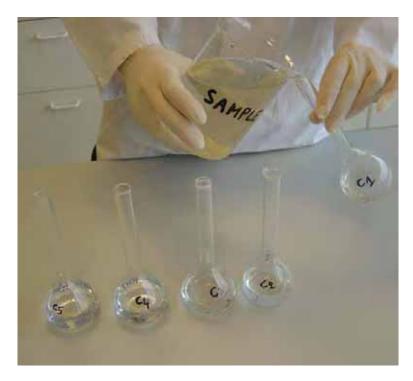
PREPARATION OF THE TOXICANT DILUTIONS

For example : TEST ON A EFFLUENT IN 5 DILUTIONS (C1-C5) + ONE CONTROL



11

TRANSFER 50 ML STANDARD FRESHWATER INTO FLASKS C2, C3, C4 AND C5



12

FILL FLASK C1 TO THE 100 ML MARK WITH EFFLUENT

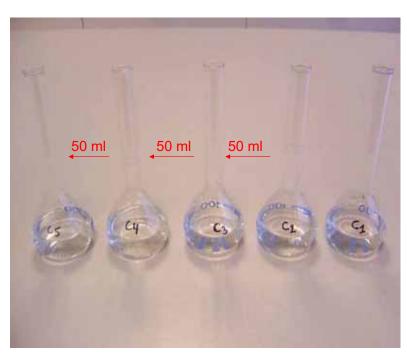


13

TRANSFER 50 ML EFFLUENT FROM FLASK C1 INTO A GRADUATED CYLINDER.



TRANSFER THE 50 ML EFFLUENT FROM THE GRADUATED CYLINDER TO FLASK C2 AND SHAKE THOROUGHLY



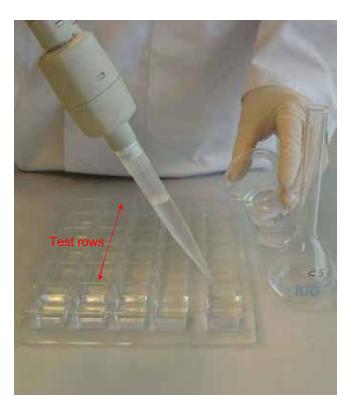
15

REPEAT THE FORMER DILUTION PROCEDURE FOR THE OTHER FLASKS (i.e. 50 ml from C2 to C3, etc).



FILLING OF THE TEST PLATE :

TRANSFER 10 ML STANDARD FRESHWATER INTO EACH WELL OF THE CONTROL ROW

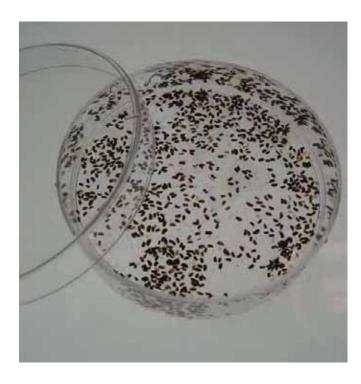


17

TRANSFER 10 ML OF THE RESPECTIVE TOXICANT CONCENTRATIONS INTO EACH WELL OF THE CORRESPONDING ROWS FROM C5 TO C1



AFTER 72h TO 80h INCUBATION VERIFY THE HATCHING OF THE DAPHNIA NEONATES



19

A MINIMUM OF 120 NEONATES ARE NEEDED TO PERFORM ONE TEST AND THE NEONATES SHOULD NOT BE OLDER THAN 24H



2h PRE-FEEDING OF THE TEST ORGANISMS

TAKE ONE VIAL WITH SPIRULINA POWDER AND FILL IT WITH STANDARD FRESHWATER



21

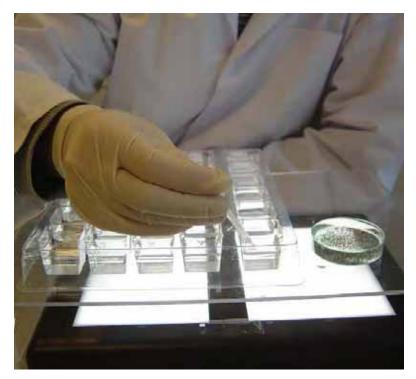
SHAKE THE VIAL WITH THE SPIRULINA SUSPENSION, POUR IT IN THE PETRI DISH WITH THE DAPHNIA NEONATES AND SWIRL THE PETRI DISH GENTLY



22

SET UP OF THE TRANSFER OF THE DAPHNIAS TO THE TEST WELLS

- MULTIWELL PLATE
- LIGHT BOX WITH
- TRANSPARENT STAGE
- MICROPIPETTE



23

TRANSFER AT LEAST 20 (actively swimming) DAPHNIAS INTO THE RINSING CUP OF THE CONTROL ROW,

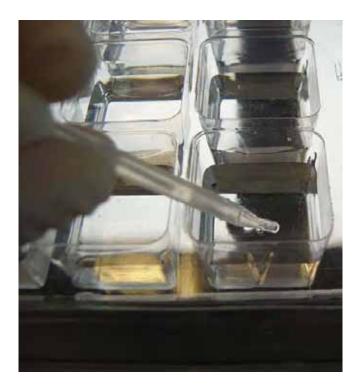


TRANSFER 20 DAPHNIAS (minimum) TO ALL THE OTHER RINSING CUPS, IN ORDER OF INCREASING CONCENTRATIONS OF TOXICANT

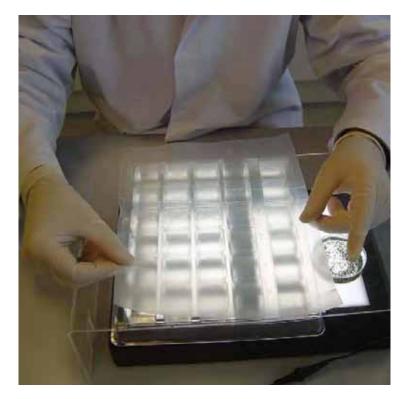


25

TRANSFER <u>EXACTLY 5</u> DAPHNIAS FROM EACH RINSING WELL INTO THE 4 WELLS OF THE CORRESPONDING ROW



TO AVOID SURFACE FLOATING OF THE DAPHNIAS DURING THE TRANSFER, PUT THE TIP OF THE MICROPIPETTE IN THE MEDIUM, AND DO NOT DROP THE ORGANISMS AT THE SURFACE OF THE MEDIUM



27

PUT A PIECE OF PARAFILM ON THE MULTIWELL PLATE AND PUT THE COVER ON TIGHTLY



INCUBATION OF THE TEST PLATE

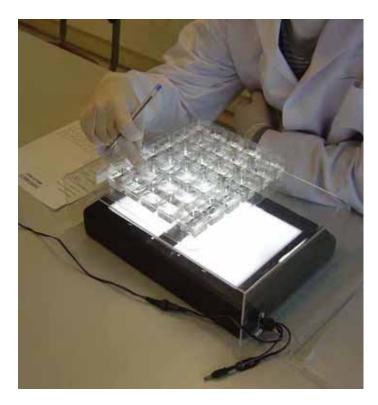
INCUBATE THE MULTIWELL AT 20 ± 2 ° C IN DARKNESS



29

SCORING OF THE RESULTS

AFTER 24h AND 48h INCUBATION PUT THE MULTIWELL PLATE ON THE LIGHT TABLE AND RECORD THE NUMBER OF DEAD AND IMMOBILIZED DAPHNIAS



DAPHNIAS WHICH ARE NOT ABLE TO SWIM AFTER GENTLE AGITATION OF THE LIQUID FOR 15 SECONDS SHALL BE CONSIDERED AS IMMOBILIZED (even if they can still move their antennae)



31

- SCORE THE FIGURES ON THE RESULTS SHEET.
- CALCULATE THE TOTAL NUMBER OF DEAD AND IMMOBILE DAPHNIAS FOR EACH TOXICANT CONCENTRATION
- CALCULATE THE MEAN EFFECT AND THE PERCENTAGE EFFECT